

The internal control system in place throughout the BMW Group is aimed at ensuring the effectiveness of operations. It makes an important contribution towards ensuring compliance with the laws that apply to the BMW Group as well as providing assurance on the propriety and reliability of internal and external financial reporting. The internal control system is therefore a significant factor in the management of process risks. The principal features of the internal control system and the risk management system, as far as they relate to individual entity and Group financial reporting processes, are described below.

#### **Information and communication**

One component of the internal control system is that of "Information and Communication". It ensures that all the information needed to achieve the objectives set for the internal control system is made available to those responsible in an appropriate and timely manner. The requirements relating to the provision of information relevant for financial reporting at the level of BMW AG, other consolidated Group entities and the BMW Group are primarily set out in organisational manuals, in guidelines covering internal and external financial reporting issues and in accounting manuals. These instructions, which can be accessed at all levels via the BMW Group's intranet system, provide the framework for ensuring that the relevant rules are applied consistently throughout the Group. The quality and relevance of these instructions is ensured by regular review as well as by continuous communication between the relevant departments.

#### **Organisational measures**

All financial reporting processes (including Group financial reporting processes) are structured in organisational terms in accordance with the principle of segregation of duties. In combination with the rigorous application of the principle of dual control, these structures allow errors to be identified at an early stage and prevent potential wrongdoing. Regular comparison of internal forecasts and external financial reports improves the quality of financial reporting. The internal audit department serves as a process-independent function, testing and assessing the effectiveness of the internal control system and proposing improvements when appropriate.

#### **Controls**

Extensive controls are carried out by management in all financial reporting processes at an individual entity and

\* Disclosures pursuant to § 289 (5) HGB and § 315 (2) no. 5 HGB

Group level, thus ensuring that legal requirements and internal guidelines are complied with and that all business transactions are properly executed. Controls are also carried out with the aid of IT applications, thus reducing the incidence of process risks.

#### **IT authorisations**

All IT applications used in financial reporting processes throughout the BMW Group are subject to access restrictions, allowing only authorised persons to gain access to systems and data in a controlled environment. Access authorisations are allocated on the basis of the nature of the duties to be performed. In addition, IT processes are designed and authorisations allocated using the dual control principle, as a result of which, for instance, requests cannot be submitted and approved by the same person.

#### **Internal control training for employees**

All employees are appropriately trained to carry out their duties and kept informed of any changes in regulations or processes that affect them. Managers and staff also have access to detailed best-practice descriptions relating to risks and controls in the various processes, thus increasing risk awareness at all levels. As a consequence, the internal control system can be evaluated regularly and further improved as necessary. Employees can, at any time and independently, deepen their understanding of control methods and design using an information platform that is accessible throughout the entire Group.

#### **Evaluating the effectiveness of the internal control system**

Responsibilities for ensuring the effectiveness of the internal control system in relation to individual entity and Group financial reporting processes are clearly defined and allocated to the relevant managers and process owners. The BMW Group assesses the design and effectiveness of the internal control system on the basis of internal review procedures (e.g. management self-audits, internal audit findings). Audits performed at regular intervals show that the internal control system in place throughout the BMW Group is both appropriate and effective. Continuous revision and further development of the internal control system ensures its continued effectiveness. Group entities are required to confirm regularly as part of their reporting duties that the internal control system is functioning properly. Effective measures are implemented whenever weaknesses are identified and reported.